

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Bureau of Air, Permit Section
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Project Summary
Federally Enforceable State Operating Permit (FESOP) Renewal
Eagle Electronics, Inc.
Schaumburg, Cook County

Site Identification No.: 031282ACH
Application No.: 96010123

Schedule

Public Comment Period Begins: August 7, 2014
Public Comment Period Closes: September 6, 2014

Illinois EPA Contacts

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I. INTRODUCTION

Eagle Electronics, Inc. has applied to renew the Federally Enforceable State Operating Permit (FESOP) for its manufacturing facility at 1735 Mitchell Boulevard in Schaumburg. This facility requires an air pollution control operating permit because it is a source of emissions. The Illinois EPA has prepared a draft of the permit that it would propose to issue for the plant. However, before issuing the permit, the Illinois EPA is holding a public comment period to receive comments on this proposed action and the terms and conditions of the draft permit that it would propose to issue.

II. SOURCE DESCRIPTION

Eagle Electronics, Inc. manufactures printed circuit boards at 1735 Mitchell Boulevard in Schaumburg. The equipment at the facility that requires air pollution control permits includes image process, plating process, etching process, screen printing process, and fume scrubber. The metals used in the plating process include copper, tin, nickel and gold.

The major air pollutant emitted at this facility is volatile organic material (VOM). The largest source of VOM at this facility is the inks and solvents. LPI inks are used for a variety of printing and coating operations. Screen wash is used to both clean screens and equipment used in the application of LPI inks. VOM is contained in these materials. The VOM is evaporated into the atmosphere when these materials are used.

III. GENERAL DISCUSSION

Federally Enforceable State Operating Permits (FESOPs) are federally enforceable, that is, the terms and conditions of the permits can be enforced by USEPA under federal law, as well as by Illinois government and the public under state law. These permits can establish federally enforceable limitations on the operation and emissions of a source that restrict the potential emissions of the source.

The source has applied for a FESOP because the actual emissions of the plant are below the levels at which the plant would be considered a major source under Title V of the federal Clean Air Act. However, in the absence of federally enforceable limitations, the plant's potential emissions would be such that the plant would be considered a major source. The permit acts to restrict the plant potential emissions so that it need not be considered a major source. As a result, the source does not need to obtain a Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP) permit for the plant, as would otherwise be required.

The FESOP limits the operation and annual emissions of the plant to below the major-source-thresholds of 100 tons for VOM, 10 tons for an individual HAP and 25 tons for combined HAPs.

IV. APPLICABLE EMISSION STANDARDS

All emission units in Illinois must comply with state emission standards adopted by the Illinois Pollution Control Board. These emission standards represent the basic requirements for sources in Illinois. The Board has specific standards for units emitting volatile organic material in the Greater Chicago Area. The application shows that the plant is in compliance with applicable state and federal emission standards.

V. CONTENTS OF THE PERMIT

The permit that the Illinois EPA is proposing to issue will identify the specific emission standards that apply to the emission units at the plant. The conditions of this permit are intended to ensure that the source continues to comply with applicable emission standards.

The permit would also contain limitations and requirements to assure that this plant is operated as a non-major source. The permit would limit the operation and annual emissions of the plant to below the major-source-thresholds of 100 tons for VOM, 10 tons for an individual HAP and 25 tons for combined HAPs. (Annual emissions of other pollutants from the plant are well below the 100 ton major source threshold.)

The permit would also set limitations on the amount of inks and solvents used. These usage limits would therefore limit the VOM emissions at the facility. These limitations are consistent with the historical operation of emission units at the plant.

The permit conditions would also require appropriate compliance procedures, including inspection practices as well as recordkeeping and reporting requirements. The source must carry out these procedures on an on-going basis to demonstrate that the plant is being operated within the limitations set by the permit and that the plant's emissions are being properly controlled.

VI. REQUEST FOR COMMENTS

It is the Illinois EPA's preliminary determination that the source has met the requirements for issuance of its permit. The Illinois EPA is therefore proposing to issue the permit.

Comments are requested on this proposed action by the Illinois EPA and the proposed conditions on the draft permit. If substantial public interest is shown in this matter, the Illinois EPA will consider holding a public hearing in accordance with 35 IAC Part 166.